

# Regulatory Considerations for Plant-Based Biologics Manufactured in Contained Facilities

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# Objectives

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## **Relevant Regulations:**

Assuring the Safety and Effectiveness of  
Plant-based Biologics

## **Manufacturing Considerations:**

Safety, Purity and Potency

## **Product Development**

## **Summary**



# Regulations/Guidance Relevant to Plant-Based Biologics

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- Consider the potential environmental impact of all aspects of the manufacturing process:

**Draft Guidance for Industry on Bioengineered Plants for Use in Humans and Animals, September 2002**

- Refer to the regulations regarding Biologics (in 21 CFR):  
**21 CFR Parts 312** - IND Regulations  
**21 CFR Parts 210, 211** - **Current** Good Manufacturing Practices  
**21 CFR Parts 600, 601, & 610** - Biological Products: General, Licensing and Standards



# Regulatory Definitions

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**Safety**: “Relative freedom from harmful effect... when prudently administered, taking into account the character of the product in relation to the condition of the recipient at the time.” (21 CFR 600.3(p))

**Purity**: “Relative freedom from extraneous matter in the finished product,...” (21 CFR 600.3(r))

**Potency**: “Specific ability of the product ... to effect a given result.” (21 CFR 600.3(s))



# CMC Considerations for Plant-Based Biologics

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- Consistency of manufacturing
- Purity (adventitious agent and residual host cell contaminant testing)
- Post-translational modification
  - Different glycosylation pattern than mammalian system
  - Effect on immunogenicity?
- Formulation and potency evaluation
  - Need for specific potency reagents/methods to standardize and assess stability

# Consistency of Manufacture: Considerations

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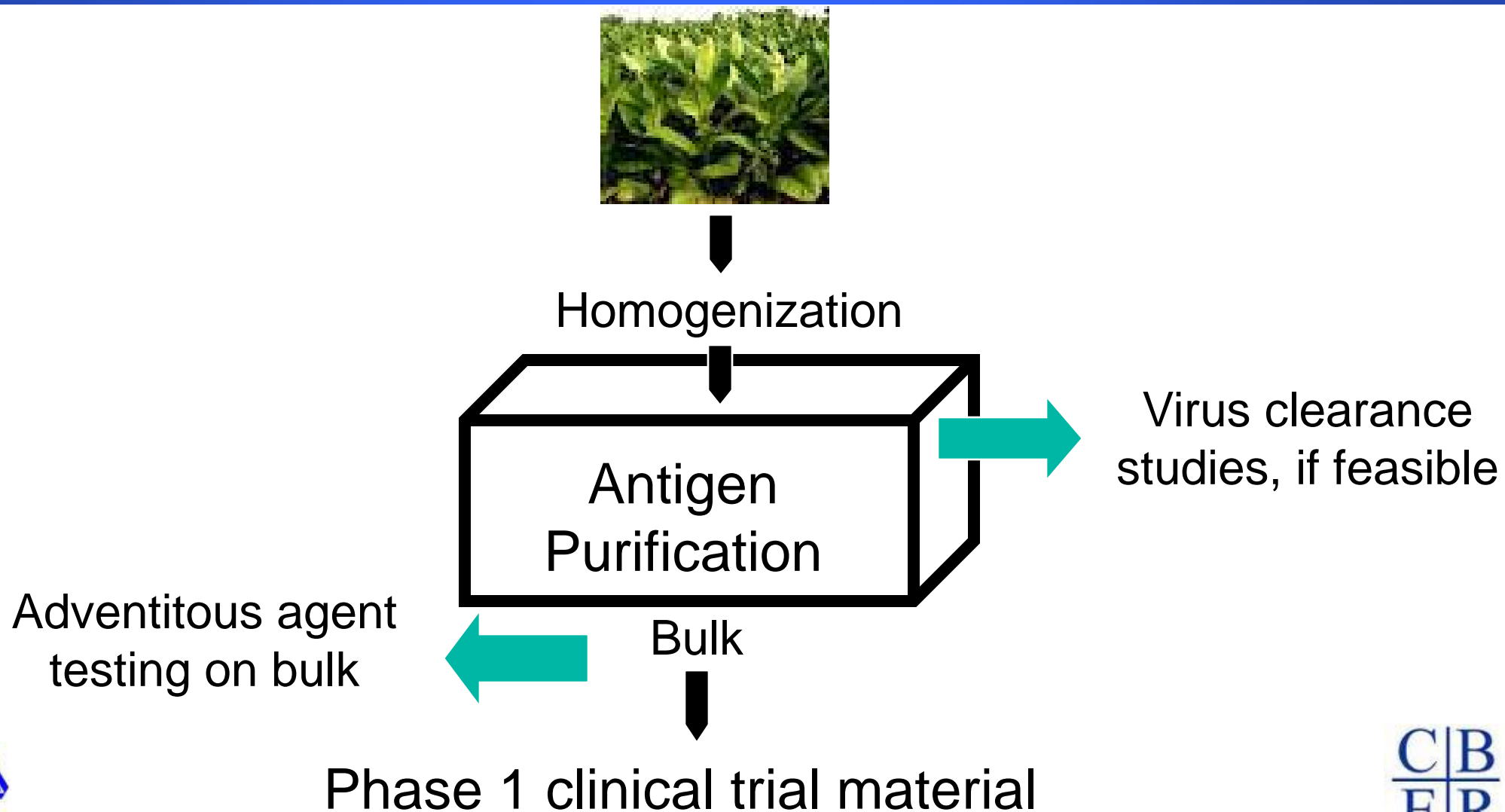
- Banking of the plant lines for genetic stability and product consistency
- Storage and germination of Master Seed Stock and Working Seed Stock need to be controlled
  - Germination rate as stability indicator
  - Reduce possibility of cross pollination
- Health status at harvest

# Adventitious Agent Testing

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- Minimize the introduction of contaminating adventitious agents
  - Ensure purity of biological raw materials
- Evaluate where in the manufacturing process there is potential for introduction of adventitious agents
- Ensure a controlled manufacturing process and remove adventitious agents, if necessary

# Evaluation of Vaccine for Adventitious Agents





# Viral Clearance Studies

***Viral clearance strategy for the plant-based products is the same as that for products manufactured in other cell substrates.***

- Viral clearance
  - Removal of contaminating viruses
  - Perform spiking studies to estimate the clearance afforded by each step
  - Use different (orthogonal) methods to remove viruses; multiple uses of similar steps (e.g., filtering with the same type of filter twice) does not lead to increased viral clearance
- An effective virus removal step should give reproducible reduction of virus load shown by at least two independent studies.
- For VLP products, viral clearance may be difficult

# Adventitious Agent Testing

***When viral clearance studies are not feasible, adventitious agent testing of the bulk needs to be undertaken in same way as performed for products manufactured in other cell substrates.***

- Non-Specific Methods – known/unknown agents
  - in vivo* (animals)
  - in vitro* (cell culture)
  - physical/biochemical/molecular
- Species-specific – known agents
  - Assays for known viruses
- Cultivable and non-cultivable mycoplasmas (and spiroplasmas, if appropriate)

# Product Development

Identification of  
vaccine candidate

Manufacturing process  
development

## Preclinical studies

Product characterization:  
Immunogenicity

Preliminary information:  
Dose finding  
Route of administration

**highly  
recommended**

## Pre-IND Meeting:

Manufacturing issues  
Product testing  
Animal safety testing  
Phase 1 protocol

**IND:**  
Phase 1  
Clinical trial

# Summary

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- The regulatory pathway for the development of plant-based vaccines manufactured in contained facilities is the same as for other preventive vaccines.
- Considerations needed for safety, purity and potency of the plant-based biologics are similar to those manufactured in other cell substrates.

# Public Access to CBER

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CBER website:

<http://www.fda.gov/BiologicsBloodVaccines/default.htm>

Phone: 1-800-835-4709 or 301-827-1800

Consumer Affairs Branch (CAB)

Email: [ocod@fda.hhs.gov](mailto:ocod@fda.hhs.gov)

Phone: 301-827-3821

Manufacturers Assistance and Technical  
Training Branch (MATTB)

Email: [industry.biologics@fda.gov](mailto:industry.biologics@fda.gov)

Phone: 301-827-4081

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